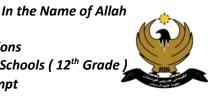
Kurdistan Region - Iraq Ministry of Education

High Committee for the General Examinations

General Examinations for the Preparatory Schools (12th Grade)

The Academic Year (2024_2025) 2nd Attempt



Subject : English Language Time: 3:00 Hours

وەلامى نموونەپى



Fingerprint

Answer all the questions. (2 marks for each correct answer). Read the passage and then choose the correct answers for (1 - 4).

Student12.com

Peter didn't have money to pay his bills, so he always owed money to the shopkeepers in his town. Most of them didn't ask for their money, but there was one who was not at all patient. Whenever this man saw Peter, he reminded him of the money that he had not yet paid him, and he **argued** about it in front of people, which made Peter feel very uncomfortable, as he did not want people to know that he was so poor.

One day, therefore, Peter decided to teach the shopkeeper a lesson. The next time that the man stopped him in the street and began to shame him publicly about his debt to him, Peter said, " Wait a minute. How much money do I owe you? " " You owe me exactly one hundred and twenty-two pounds." answered the shopkeeper. "Well, " said Peter, " If I paid forty pounds this month, another forty next month, and forty more the month after, how much would I still owe you? " "You would then owe me two pounds, of course." answered the shopkeeper. " Well, aren't you ashamed of yourself, " Peter said, " giving me all this trouble for only two pounds?"

- **A.** was reminded of the unpaid money in front of people **B.** taught the shopkeeper a lesson **C.** borrowed money from the shopkeepers **D.** met the other shopkeepers in town
 - **2.** According to the passage, which statement is true? **A.** Peter was waiting for his friends to pay his bills.
 - **B.** Most of the shopkeepers in the town were asking for their money.
 - **C.** The shopkeeper owed Peter a hundred and twenty-two pounds.
 - **D.** Peter was not ready to pay his bills at that time.
 - 3. What Peter was trying to say about the debt was that the shopkeeper
 - **A.** might get most of his money back in three months **B.** should wait for a year to get his money back **C.** would get more than 122 pounds **D.** could only get back two pounds after three months

 - - A. go back to a place where you were before
 B. succeed in doing something difficult
 C. talk with someone who does not agree with you
 D. find the answer to a problem or puzzle
 - - **A.** an extremely high-crime area
- **B.** the main centre of trade in the USA
- **C.** taken over by some Dutch people
 - **D.** renamed New Amsterdam by the British
- **6.** Important developments in ancient human history happened near Erbil. Therefore, the mound
 - **A.** has properly been investigated by archaeologists
- **B.** is almost perfectly circular in shape
- **C.** may hold important secrets about ancient human past
- **D.** contains lots of buried money
- 7. According to Dr. Sally Dale, a good way to understand complicated ideas and information clearly is to

A. put them off

B. leave them till the night before the exam

C. avoid them

- **D.** organize them by using lists, charts, etc.
- 8. SchoolNet was first developed in Canada and it provided both and sites for schools to share.
 - **A.** shopping / information

- **B.** information / interactive
- **C.** communication / shopping
- **D.** shopping / social

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<i>9</i> .	9. Which statement is not true about the Great Pyramid of Khufu?									
	A. Its base has a total area of almost 53,000 square metres.									
	B. Its triangular sides rise to a height of 146 metres.									
	C. It is an ancient stone circle roughly 4,500 years old.									
	D. It contains 2.5 million stone blocks.									
10	The 'Oklahoma Dust Bowl' disaster shows that									
10.				rmland can be very dangerous						
	• •			• -						
	C. no danger comes when we create new farmland D. plants in ordinary soil grow better and faster									
11.	1. To save money, people in Guatemala									
	A. are buying less meat and eating more vegetables B. have to go deeper and deeper for ground									
	C. let their animals move round and feed freely D. are growing crops in salt water									
12 .	The new leader of the government gave a great that made the whole country feel he									
	was the right man for									
	A. information	B. speech	C. lectures	D. conversations						
<i>13</i> .	is an ex	kample of (repairing),	, but 'using materials again	, often to make something						
	different ' is									
	A. Adding new pieces to mend old furniture / reducing									
	B. Storing rain water to water garden flowers / reusing									
	C. Replacing buttons t	hat are missing from	clothes / recycling							
	D. Planting flowers in	old pots and cans / re	eplacing							
14.	. Asia has many great r	ivers - the Tigris and	Euphrates, for							
	A. no things	B. instance	C. example D. Bot	th (B and C)						
15.	5. Choose the correct option:									
	A. The word (environmental) is not an adjective.									
	A. THE WOLG (CITYII OIII)	nentai) is not an aai	ective.							
	•			creat).						
	B. The word (civilization	on) is a noun, but the	verb form of (creation) is (creat).						
	B. The word (civilization C. The adjective form of	on) is a noun, but the of the word (science)	verb form of (creation) is (or is (scientist).							
16.	B. The word (civilization C. The adjective form of C. The word (immigration)	on) is a noun, but the of the word (science) ont) is a noun for pers	everb form of (creation) is (or is (scientist). Is not the word (banking)	is a noun thing.						
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24	24. (Paris <u>, which is known as the City of Light ,</u> is a beautiful place to visit.) In the underlined part of the							
	sentence							
	A. the relative pronoun (white C. the commas show that the			D. Both (A and E	tion is added about (Paris)			
25	. () is equal to (5%	-	ACT G	2.201. (7.4.1.4.2	• •			
		B. a twentieth	C. an twe	ntieth	D. a twentieths			
	. He took a map A. so that he wouldn't	B. so as not to	C. in orde	r to not	D. Both (A and B)			
27	Stevehis preci A. shouldn't waste B. ha		C. need to	o stop wasting	D. must not to waste			
28	Life in little towns like GrassA. much less busy	•		n New York. Iess busier	D. the least busy			
29	29. The workshop and café equipment							
30	. You weight A . wouldn't lose / if B. wi			-	n't lose / as long as			
31	. About tomorrow's ' sky dive A. will high / be going				g D. high / will be gone			
32	 A. We only use (must) when we need to give an instruction very strongly. B. (Fantastic idea!) is used to express disagreement to someone's suggestion. C. We use the present perfect continuous to emphasise continuing actions up to the present. D. When we change an active sentence to a passive sentence, the object of the active becomes the subject of the passive. 							
33	. We could have spent the wh water. (The underlined part A. I wish we had brought C. I don't wish we had broug	of the sentence mean	s	.) we hadn't brough				
34	her medicine eve A. Hasn't she had taken C. Doesn't she have to take	ryday?		she have taken In't have she take	en			
35	. No one knows for sure, but t metres long. A. must have being	the ancient boat that B. could had been	A -	ng the jewellery might have been				
36	. (Your brother is too young t meaning, we say: (Your bro		ong.) If we ow right fr	e use (enough) to com wrong .)	•			
	 37. Which of the underlined preposition was not correctly used? A. The flowers bloom beautifully in spring. B. The fireworks start on midnight. C. We will carry out our main research during week 2. D. We're going to produce our project outline by Friday the 9th. 38. What about							
38		the countryside? oing for a walk	C. to goin	g for a walk	D. Both (A and B)			

39.			'd finished his homework,					
	A. put / didn't he	B. puts / doesn't h	e C. won't put / wou	ıldn't he D. had to put / hadn't he				
40.	In which of the following sentences, the relative pronoun is the object of the relative clause? A. She ate the cake that Marry baked. B. The receptionist is someone who answers phone calls to the company.							
	C. The engineer that designed the bridge is highly respected.							
	D. I had a friend who							
41.	Heto wor A. will drive / see			D. was driven / had saw				
42.	To learn a new language, it is better to live in a country the language is spoken.							
	A . when	B . where	C . who	D. why				
12			knew all the sailors in Bristo	,				
73.	A. only one leg	B. an inn						
лл	,		3	but the had				
77.	already been taken.	ier inside the Admire	in benoow, they journa	but the				
			B. Billy Bones' account book / treasure map					
	· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		D. a packet / roll of paper	•				
15								
45.	Silver's parrot (Capto		B. an inn in Bristol					
	A. a large hill on the	isiuiiu						
	C. a blind pirate		D. a famous pirate					
46.			stockade, he asked Jim to					
	A. bring him some cheese		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	C. find the little boat D. show him the place of the treasure							
47.	•	•		when Bill had his first stroke.				
	A. see Jim's father	B. have a drink	C. look after Bill	D. listen to Bill's sea-songs				
48.			•	ty.', we understood that				
	A. Silver couldn't cori	•	B. Tom refused to join the	e pirates				
	C. Tom was not one of	of the honest men	D. Both (A and B)					
49.	was the	one who cut the ancl	hor from the ship and	on board her .				
	A . Israel Hands / got	rid of Jim	B . Dr Livesey / pulled dow	n the pirates' flag				
	C. Jim Hawkins / kille	d Israel Hands	D . The young cabin-boy /	put Israel Hands in irons				
<i>50.</i>	Captain Smollett said	d that they should at	tack the pirates	•				
	A. only after they had found the man of the island B. and then turn back to England							
	C. when they had known which sailors were for the pirates and which were not							
	D. after they had found the treasure							